Ham Radio VolP

and the Digital VoIP Multimode Interlink System

Jeffrey Kopcak - K8JTK ARRL Ohio Section Technical Coordinator

Technical Coordinator

The ARRL Technical Coordinator (TC) is a section-level official appointed by the Section Manager to coordinate all technical activities within the section.

- Supervise and coordinate the work of the section's Technical Specialists (TS)
- Refer amateurs in the section who need technical advice to local TS
- Encourage amateurs in the section to share their technical achievements with others through the pages of QST, at club meetings, hamfests, and conventions

Technical Coordinator

- Be available to assist local technical program committees in arranging suitable programs for local club meetings, ARRL hamfests, and conventions
- Promote technical advances and experimentation at VHF/UHF and with specialized modes, and work closely with enthusiasts in these fields within the section

Technical Specialist

For a section team to be effective in one of the most important arenas in Amateur Radio, technology, there must be a cadre of qualified, competent Technical Specialists (TS).

"Advancement of the radio art" is a profound obligation we incur under the rules of the FCC.

TSes help meet this obligation.

Technical Specialist

TS supports the TC in two main areas of responsibility: **Radio Frequency Interference** and **Technical Information**.

Technical Specialist can <u>specialize in certain specific technical areas, or</u> <u>can be generalists.</u>

https://www.arrl.org/technical-specialist

Outline

- What is VoIP?
- Analog systems
- Digital systems
- DVMIS
- Software used
- Connection links
- Dashboards & diagrams
- Problems
- Nets

What is VolP?

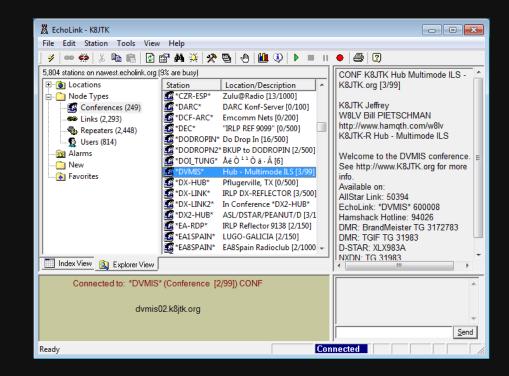
Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), also called IP telephony, is a method and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over Internet Protocol (IP) networks, such as the Internet.

Ham VolP

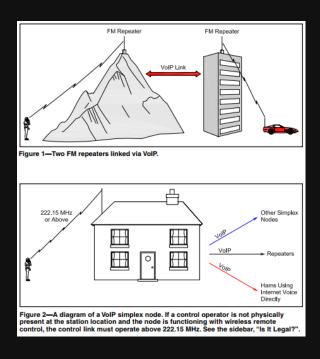
- New, as of about 2002
- Networks or Internet for long distance communication, not ionosphere
- Mostly 2m or 440, some 220 & 6m (VHF/UHF)
- Repeaters and simplex node linking, some user/non-RF
- Internet-aided DXing for Technicians, not interested in HF, not capable
- Occasionally called "RoIP" for Radio over IP, at least one radio device has an IP connection
- Mostly independent, own islands

Ham VoIP - Analog Systems

- Echolink
- iLink
- eQSO
- IRLP
- WIRES-II
- AllStar Link
- WIRES-X (both)
- Hamshack Hotline
- Hams Over IP
- AmateurWire



Uses



img: QST, Feb 2003

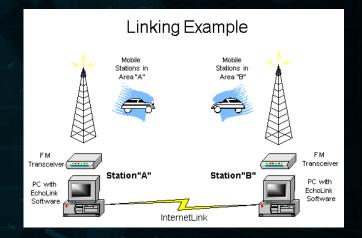
- Common install:
- PC/Pi running Windows/Linux
- Interface: circuit, audio FOB, RIM, URI, RTCM (EOL), HRI, ...
- Transmitter: repeater, link/simplex radio, or none (radio less)
- Access other nodes: DTMF



img: DMK Engineering

Echolink

- Early 2002 by Jonathan K1RFD
- Quick adoption. 30,000 nodes ~1 yr
- User = K8JTK, Link = K8JTK-L, Repeater = K8JTK-R, Conference = *DVMIS*
- Port forwarding (firewall), specific ports.
 One node per IP.
- Proxies
- Closed source, reverse engineering OK
- Resurgence mobile apps
- Echolink. Windows, OS X, Qtel (Linux), SVXLink, Android, iOS



img: Echolink

IRLP

- Started 1997 by Dave VE7LTD
- Only accessible via radios
- node -> node or node -> reflector
- Approved or specialized hardware required, source of income



- Linux install. Closed source. Network tightly controlled.
- NO experimentation. Booted reverse engineering, cross connecting modes.
- EchoIRLP Echolink or IRLP, not both same time
- Experimental reflectors, 2018
- IRLP

AllStar Link

- AllStar open-source PBX Asterisk, Linux
- AllStar Link network, phone directory
- Started 2008 by Jim WB6NIL (SK)
- app_rpt module designed as repeater controller
- Public Internet or private network
- Multiple nodes on single IP
- Every node is a reflector, multiple connections
- Can be radio-less
- Stability issues: software, network, foundation
- Native support: Echolink, IRLP (until removed), D-STAR w/ DNGL
- AllStarLink. RepeaterPhone (iOS)



HamVoIP & PTTLink (ASL forks)

- Low adoption AS/ASL
- HamVoIP: 2014 by Doug -WA3DSP & David - KB4FXC
- Forked project: built-on and fixed
 Forked the network ASL issues. Now, varies significantly.
- Raspberry Pi only
- Compatible with AS & ASL igodot
- NOT open-source!
- Grew AllStar popularity
- HamVoIP

- PTTLink: more drama
- Near as I can tell: ousted crew from ASL project end of 2020
- Compatible with AllStar, not AllStar Link
- < 25 active nodes
- PTTLink

WIRES-X

- Wide-coverage Internet Repeater Enhancement System by Yaesu
- WIRES (beta), WIRES-II (until 2017), WIRES-X
- Proprietary network and hardware to Yaesu
- Analog possible non-Yaesu equipment. Digital ONLY on Yaesu C4FM capable radios & repeaters.
- Windows ONLY!
- WIRES-X

YSF/YSFReflector = Open-source reflector & linking system
WIRES-X/WIRES-X rooms = Closed-source system for Yaesu



Hamshack Hotline

- Not a radio linking system
- Started 2018 John K1WIZ
- Uses Asterisk
- Requires a SIP (Cisco) phone & Internet connection
- Softphones and non-supported devices
- Full duplex, direct dialing, voice mail, conference rooms, audio services, trunks, ...
- Popular in EOCs
- HH users can dial into Radio Services
- Range: \$20 \$50
- Hamshack Hotline



Hams Over IP (HoIP) & AmateurWire

- Started 2022 Gescio "Jesse" WH6AV
- Split from HH
- Similar VoIP service to HH
- Users can dial into other VoIP services
- Hams Over IP

- Started 2022 Roger KE8LCM
- Experiment running a VolP service
- Similar VoIP service to HH & HoIP
- AmateurWire

Users... HH: ~7.8K, HoIP: ~1K, AW: ~200

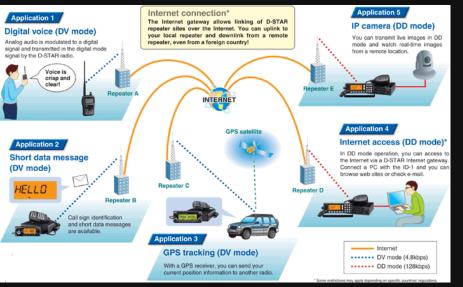
Ham VolP - Digital Systems

- D-STAR
- DMR
- System Fusion
- NXDN
- P25
- M17
- POCSAG (paging)



img: QRZNow (defunct?)

Uses



img: ICOM

• Common install:

- Gateway software for routing
- Interface: controller, MMDVM board, DV4Mini, DVMega, OpenSpot, dongle, HRI, ...
- Transmitter: repeater, hotspot, link radio, or none at all (radio less)
- Access other nodes: structured control system (TG, Reflector, Room, ...)
- Apps: DroidStar Win & Android non-Play store, Android Play store

D-STAR

- Digital Smart Technologies for Amateur Radio
- Developed late 1990s by Japan Amateur Radio League
- First designed for ham radio
- Open protocol, proprietary codec
- Simultaneous voice & data
- Network, D-RATS
- High-speed data (128 kbps), not used
- Registration

- HF, VHF, UHF, SHF. Satellites.
- DPLUS, XRF, DCS/XLX?
- ICOM & Kenwood (back in)
- Useless manual
- Range: \$300 \$1300



img: ICOM

DMR

- Digital mobile radio
- Developed by European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI), published 2005
- Business
- Adopted by ham radio
- Talkgroup, RX group, contact, scan list, channel, zone
- 2 "slots" per repeater
- Open protocol, proprietary codec



img: Hytera

DMR

- Registration required
- DMR-ID is NOT a callsign!
- Programming requires computer
- VHF & UHF (inc 900 MHz)
- TYT, Connect Systems, Bridgecom, Alinco, Motorola, or any Tier-2 radio
- Range: \$90 \$750



img: Amateur Radio Guide to Digital Mobile Radio

System Fusion

- Released in 2013 by Yaesu
- Easiest to use
- Proprietary standard & codec
- "Eternal beta" redesigns, repeater issues, firmware, ...
- Compatible with analog
- VHF & UHF
- Yaesu single manufacturer
- Cheap repeaters, "promo"
- WIRES-X linking
- Range: \$175 \$1300



img: Yaesu System Fusion

NXDN & P25

- NXDN: ICOM & Kenwood in 2005
- Business
- P25: collaboration started 1989
- Public safety
- Motorola, Kenwood, Tait, EFJohnson, ...
- Both: open standards
- Adopted by ham radio
- Used (or new) commercial radios
- DMR ID
- Pricing: varies widely



img: Wikipedia

M17

The goal here should be to kick the proprietary protocols off the airwaves, replace DMR, Fusion, D-Star, etc. To do that, it's not just good enough to be open, it has to be legitimately competitive.

- Started 2019
- Freely available and modifiable digital radio protocol, open hardware
- Codec2
- Needs ALOT of work
- M17

TeamSpeak, Zello, ...

- Non-ham specific
- Some commercial
- Don't have to be licensed
- Linked to transmitters, unlicensed violations
- Banned on some networks (Brandmeister)

Is VoIP ham radio?

- Nooooo shortage of opinions
- Both ends a radio
- Younger and older hams alike finding uses

DVMIS Digital VolP Multimode Interlink System (K8JTK Hub)



Why, in the world...?

- Ham radio experimentation
- Support open source projects. Contributing back to ASL-Asterisk.
- Interlink ham radio VoIP modes for interoperability
- Utilize ham radio spectrum
- Reliable and resilient hardware, power, weather
- Fairly inexpensive (COM compliant?)

AllStard in k is a network of American Dadia reporters

AllStarLink is a network of Amateur Radio repeaters, remote base stations and hot spots accessible to each other via Voice over Internet Protocol

- Open-source PBX Asterisk
- Linux (including Raspberry Pi)
- Jim Dixon WB6NIL (SK)
- app_rpt module repeater controller

• AllStarLink

img: luis gomes

- - = Chevent database -----
 - abort("The Rails environment is summing a managerity and and a second
 - require 'spec_helper'
 - require 'rspec/rails'

Packages: G4KLX

Programs that support D-Star, DMR, System Fusion, P25, NXDN

- Jonathan G4KLX
- ircDDBGateway, NXDNReflector, NXDNGateway, P25Reflector, P25Gateway, YSFReflector
- Reflectors now maintained by Doug AD8DP
- MMDVM implemented in devices, boards, hotspots like Pi-Star and OpenSpot
- github: G4KLX

Note: active Pi-STAR image W0CHP-PiStar-Dash (WPSD)

- s Crevent database
 - require 'spec_helper'
 - require 'rspec/rails

Packages: DVSwitch

Tools and programs related to provisioning and operating Amateur Radio digital voice networks

- Steve N4IRS & Michael N4IRR
- MMDVM_Bridge (hacked MMDVM), Analog Bridge, and md380-emu (KK4VCZ md380tools) / OP25 (Osmocom, others) codecs
- Linux based
- DVSwitch Mobile Android app + Pi/Linux server = multimode HT
- ASL to DMR documentation (groups.io account required)
- Groups.io: DVSwitch

- require File.expand_path(
 - s Prevent database -----
 - abort("The Rails environment is normalized an addition of the
 - require 'spec_helper'
 - require 'rspec/rails'
 - require 'capybara/rspec

Packages: XLXD

XLX Multiprotocol Gateway Reflector Server is part of the software system for the D-Star Network

- Jean-Luc LX3JL & Luc LX1IQ
- Four D-STAR reflector protocols: REF, XRF, DCS, XLX
- XLXD speaks all four protocols +
- DMR and YSF transcoding (not used, additional hardware)
- github: XLXD

- require File.expand_path(
 - z Prevent database ------
 - abort("The Rails environment is number a nonportaneous and
 - require 'spec_helper'
 - require 'rspec/rails'
 - require 'capybara/rspec'

Packages: thebridge

CQiNet is a family of programs that combine Ham Radio with the Internet using Voice over IP (VoIP) technology

- Skip WB6YMH & others
- EchoLink compatible conference bridge
- Sourceforge: Thebridge

- require File.expand_path(

 - abort("The Rails environment is summing a manageria and a state
 - require 'spec_helper'
 - require 'rspec/rails

require 'capybara/rspec

Packages: HBLink3

This is a piece of software that implements an opensource, amateur radio networking protocol. It is not a network. It is not intended to be a network. It is not intended to replace or circumvent a network.

- Randy AA6RH
- Open Source HomeBrew Repeater Protocol Client/Master
- github: HBLink3

Packages: mrefd

The mrefd reflector is for connecting M17 clients together.

- Tom N7TAE
- Open Source M17 reflector based on XLXD
- github: mrefd

- - abort("The Rails environment is maniful to maniful the manuful to the second se
 - require 'spec_helper'
 - require 'rspec/rails'
 - require 'capybara/rspec'
 - require 'capybara/reil

Packages: USRP2M17

... connect the various modes to an AllStar node or AllStar enabled repeater via USRP.

- Doug AD8DP
- Part of MMDVM_CM cross-mode conversion for some digital voice protocols, based on Jonathan G4KLX's MMDVM software.
- github: USRP2M17

Putting it together

Chicago data center

- Three VPSes (virtual private servers)
- Linux Debian OS
- Low latency to remote hardware Wires-X: HRI-200 & FTM

Remote hardware

- Raspberry Pi & NW Digital Radio DV3000
- Hardware in data center = \$
 - Hardware in data center = \$\$\$
- Thirteen different networks! Nine full-time modes!
- Any user on one network can communicate with users on any other

img: Pixabay

AllStar is the "Hub", individual nodes for control

DVMIS: The Nodes

- AllStar Link: 50394
- AmateurWire: 90004 *99 TX, # RX
- DMR: HB_US_K8JTK-HUB-DVMIS_DMO TG; 31983 TS: 2
- DMR: Brandmeister Talkgroup (TG) 3172783
- DMR: TGIF Talkgroup (TG) 31983
- D-STAR: XLX983A "A" for Analog Bridge
- EchoLink: *DVMIS* 600008
- Hams Over IP: 15010 *99 TX, # RX
- M17: M17-983A
- NXDN: TG 31983
- P25: TG 31983
- YSF: K8JTK-Hub 31983
- Wires-X: K8JTK-ROOM 40680

Info on connecting, systems, radios, status, and more: DVMIS @ K8JTK.org

DVMIS: Dashboards

- AllStar Link & Hamshack Hotline: Supermon.K8JTK.org, Bubble Chart
- DMR: HBMon3
- DMR: Brandmeister TG 3172783 Last Heard, Brandmeister TG 3172783 HoseLine, TGIF Last Heard
- D-STAR: XLX983.K8JTK.org
- Hams Over IP: BLF Dashboard
- M17: M17-983.K8JTK.org
- NXDN: NXDNReflector31983.K8JTK.org
- P25: P25Reflector31983.K8JTK.org
- YSF: YSFReflector31983.K8JTK.org
- AllStar Dashboard: 1XXX are private AllStar nodes
- K8JTK call seen ALOT on dashboards: "default" callsign, calls lost in analog conversion

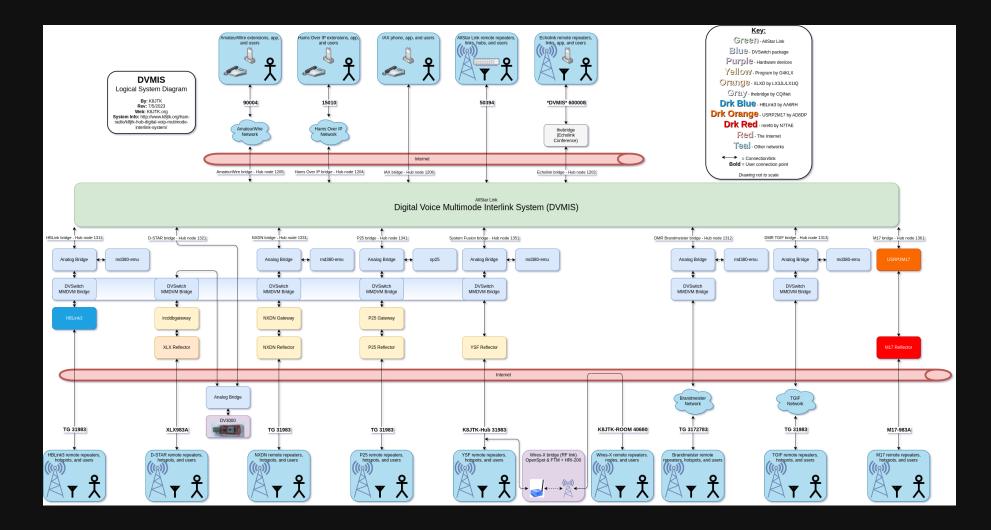
Operating

- Follow all rules of your regulatory authority
- Keep it classy
- English only
- Identify your station by voice. Digital stations are used to quickkeying to break-in or check-in, this will not work. IDs in data streams are lost due to analog and cross-linked connections. Users on nonradio VoIP solutions tend to forget they're on a radio system. Proper ID is required and accepted method is by voice.

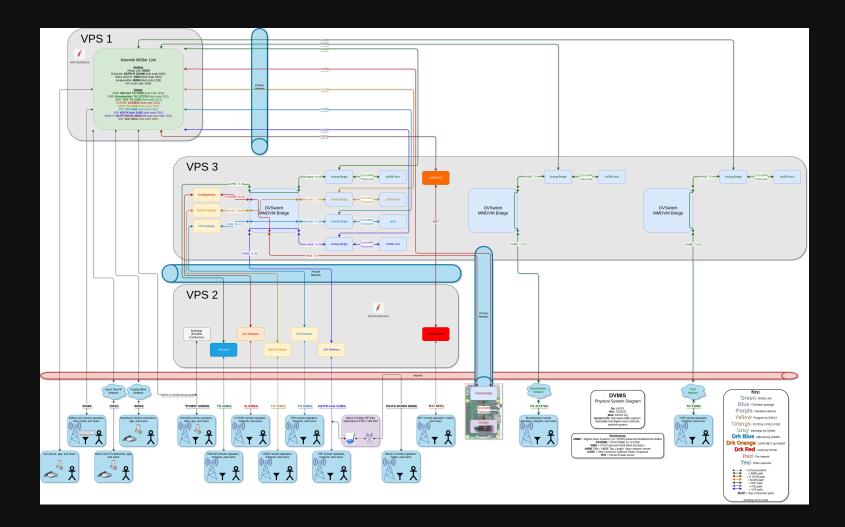
Operating

- **Press PTT and pause for 2 seconds before speaking.** This gives time for all links to become operational otherwise, the first couple words of the transmission will be lost.
- Pause a minimum 3-5 seconds between transmissions. Stations cannot break-in when stations quickly key-up (or "tailgate") after the previous. System timeouts are caused when links are not given proper time to reset.

Pretty pictures: Logical connections



Pretty pictures: IP connections



Problems?



Problems:

- IP based, keeping all the ports straight!
- 😔 Dependency hell: addons and changes to programs
- Protocol and implementation changes: XLX & YSF, YSF choose reflector number
- DVSwitch implementation rewrites: 2x already
- 😒 Data Center provider: packet loss, "internal problems" 1 move

▶ 0:00

- D-STAR hardware. Codec: "you won't be happy"
- D-STAR & M17 LOOOOVES IP addresses
- D-STAR Analog Bridge choppy audio with AMBED
- AllStar compiling
- 🥺 AllStar chan_echolink module. Kill me now.
- Brandmeister objected to cross-linking
- Hamshack Hotline ASL SMS TXT problems

Nets

- WCARA (WC8VOA) Club net: Mondays @ 8pm-9pm, includes AR Newsline
- AmateurLogic.TV Logic Net: monthly, Tuesday <u>after</u> a recording of AmateurLogic (Friday), Tuesday @ 9pm-11pm

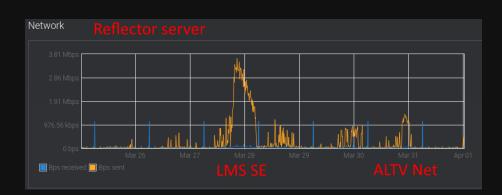
Huge thanks for ALTV being a test of the system!

Last Man Standing SE -KA6LMS on 3/27/21

- Multimode QSO Party sponsored by AmateurLogic.TV
- Part of the week-long event commemorating nine seasons of LMS
- <u>WAY</u> more popular than anticipated! 8.5 hours!
- 300 counted stations, 500 total
- 20GB traffic
- Recap







THE END

Jeffrey Kopcak - K8JTK

ARRL Ohio Section Technical Coordinator

- K8JTK@arrl.net

- Contact me for nets or other uses of DVMIS

- This presentation is available on my website under the "Presentations" category: K8JTK.org

DVMIS: DEMO

- AllStar Link: 50394
- AmateurWire: 90004
- DMR: HB_US_K8JTK-HUB-DVMIS_DMO TG: 31983 TS: 2
- DMR: BM TG 3172783
- DMR: TGIF TG 31983
- D-STAR: XLX983A
- EchoLink: ***DVMIS*** 600008
- Hams Over IP: **15010**
- M17: M17-983A
- NXDN: TG 31983
- P25: TG 31983
- YSF: K8JTK-Hub 31983
- Wires-X: K8JTK-ROOM 40680

Local meeting:

- Analog (ASL): 446.975 simplex, no PL
- Hotspot 1 (YSF): 433.125
- Hotspot 2 (D-STAR): 445.050

AllStar Dashboard

Info on connecting, systems, radios, status, and more: DVMIS @ K8JTK.org